

# FINAL EXAM

## MAJOR THEMES OF THE OLD TESTAMENT

**TRUE or FALSE: Circle "True" or "False" at the end of each question.**

1. Saul was rejected as king because he did not listen to the voice of God.  
TRUE or FALSE
2. Solomon loved many foreign women who led him away from God.  
TRUE or FALSE
3. The Northern Kingdom of Israel was taken captive by the Philistines.  
TRUE or FALSE
4. God told Jeremiah not to pray for Jerusalem.  
TRUE or FALSE
5. The creatures in apocalyptic literature are very common.  
TRUE or FALSE

**MULTIPLE CHOICE: Circle the correct answer for each question.**

6. When Gideon blew the trumpet, how many men heard the Spirit blow the trumpet?
  - A. 3,200
  - B. 100
  - C. 900
  - D. 300
7. How did Samuel lead the people?
  - A. By his own personal wisdom.
  - B. According to the word he received in the presence of God.
  - C. By the laws of good politics.
  - D. By following the example of other leaders.
8. What type of king was Saul?
  - A. A self-directed king
  - B. A very good king
  - C. A good king
  - D. An oppressive king
9. How did God refer to David?
  - A. As a king
  - B. As a stranger
  - C. As a prince
  - D. As a child
10. How was David a man after God's own heart?
  - A. He never sinned
  - B. He was strong and courageous
  - C. He always did the right thing
  - D. He listened to the voice of God for his next move
11. According to Dr. Shults, what does the word "sacrifice" in Hebrew mean?
  - A. Giving an animal
  - B. The way you draw near to God
  - C. Giving your tithe and offering
  - D. Giving all that you have
12. Why did Solomon ask God for wisdom?
  - A. To rule the people
  - B. For his marriage
  - C. For his spiritual life
  - D. For his personal life
13. What kind of literature began to develop during the reign of Solomon?
  - A. Apocalyptic Literature
  - B. Poetic Literature
  - C. Wisdom Literature
  - D. Historical Literature

14. What type of examples are Elijah and Elisha?
  - A. Prophets who wrote prophetic books
  - B. Kings of foreign nations
  - C. Non-writing prophets
  - D. Father and son relationship
15. What did the prophetic perspective of the defeat of Israel focus on?
  - A. The military strength of the opposing nation
  - B. What God had done and why he did it
  - C. The historical details of the events
  - D. The Israelite people who were afraid to fight
16. What did Manasseh do when he began to reign?
  - A. He rebuilt the alters to foreign gods that Hezekiah had removed.
  - B. He cleansed the Temple and destroyed the alters to false god.
  - C. He kept the Feast of Booths
  - D. He turned his heart towards God
17. What is Manasseh being taken captive to Babylon and then returned an example of?
  - A. Manasseh's ability to talk to his enemies
  - B. The mercy of the Assyrian king
  - C. The longsuffering mercy of God
  - D. Manasseh finding favor with the people
18. What is the second greatest lesson of the Old Testament?
  - A. If you keep the Law of Moses, you will live.
  - B. God will be gracious even when you keep ignoring his prophets.
  - C. Human beings are basically good.
  - D. There comes a time when it is too late.
19. Which book of the Bible is Jeremiah's journal of the destruction of Jerusalem?
  - A. Jeremiah
  - B. Lamentations
  - C. II Chronicles
  - D. Ezekiel
20. Why did the King of Babylon begin to exalt Daniel?
  - A. Daniel could interpret dreams
  - B. Daniel was a good looking young man
  - C. Daniel would do what the king wanted even if it was against the Lord
  - D. Daniel impressed the king with magic tricks
21. What was the kind of literature that was developed during the time of Daniel and Ezekiel?
  - A. Wisdom Literature
  - B. Poetical Literature
  - C. Apocalyptic Literature
  - D. Psalms Literature
22. What is the principle of the pointing finger?
  - A. Look at the pointing finger
  - B. Find out who is pointing the finger
  - C. We must learn to follow the line of the pointing finger.
  - D. Look at what the finger is pointing to
23. During whose life did the people return to rebuild the Temple?
  - A. Abraham
  - B. David
  - C. Solomon
  - D. Ezra

24. Why was the rebuilding of the Temple started a second time?
- A. Nathan's prophetic word
  - B. Haggai's prophetic word
  - C. Hezekiah's command
  - D. Esther's commitment
25. Who saved the Jewish people from annihilation during the exile?
- A. King David
  - B. Elisha the prophet
  - C. Queen Esther
  - D. Nehemiah