

# MIDTERM EXAM

## CREATIVE EVANGELISM

### Sessions 1 - 5

**TRUE OR FALSE:** Circle "True" or "False" at the end of each question.

1. We have confidence to share the gospel and that is why we evangelize.  
TRUE or FALSE
2. Transactional evangelism is gaining the right to talk to someone about Jesus Christ after they have served you.  
TRUE or FALSE
3. The first step in the Evangelism Strategy Cycle is to respond to a vision.  
TRUE or FALSE
4. Sometimes a team only consists of you and one other person.  
TRUE or FALSE
5. One of the 10 Keys to Effectiveness is keeping Jesus and the cross at the center.  
TRUE or FALSE

**MULTIPLE CHOICE:** Circle the correct answer for each question.

6. How can evangelism be done in a natural, simple, and easy way?
  - A. Through events
  - B. Through relationships
  - C. Through sermons
  - D. Through street preaching
7. On the Engel Scale, what does it mean when a person is close to one?
  - A. They are close to making a decision to follow Christ.
  - B. They have a positive attitude toward the Gospel.
  - C. They have an interest in Christianity.
  - D. They grasp implications of the Gospel.
8. On the Engel Scale, what does it mean when a person is at a negative ten?
  - A. They have a positive attitude toward the Gospel.
  - B. They have an awareness of the basics of the Gospel.
  - C. They have an interest in Christianity.
  - D. They have no awareness of a Supreme Being.
9. What is the backbone of evangelism?
  - A. Serving
  - B. Inviting
  - C. Prayer
  - D. Sharing
10. According to Rev. Macfarlane, what is the first basic step we should do when we are sharing the Gospel with someone?
  - A. Help them to know that God loves them and has a great plan for their life.
  - B. Help them to pray to God, seeking the forgiveness that they need.
  - C. Help them admit their need for Christ and that they are a sinner.
  - D. Celebrate their conversion
11. What should we do after a person has accepted Christ?
  - A. Have them consider the cost of being a disciple.
  - B. Celebrate their conversion.
  - C. Tell the church leaders.
  - D. Explain the Gospel to them.
12. What is the first thing that should you examine so that you can work smarter in doing evangelism?
  - A. Your theology
  - B. Your strategy
  - C. Your worship service
  - D. Your intentions

13. In the "Evangelism Strategy Cycle" what can give you the opportunity to share the Gospel?
  - A. Hosting an evangelistic event
  - B. Telling them God cares
  - C. Meeting a basic need
  - D. Telling them that you care
14. After you embrace a vision in the Evangelism Strategy Cycle, what should you do next?
  - A. Tell others about your vision.
  - B. Pray more about the vision.
  - C. See what other needs the vision can help.
  - D. Design a plan.
15. After you develop a team, what should be your next major step in the Evangelism Strategy Cycle?
  - A. Thinking creatively.
  - B. Designing a plan.
  - C. Taking action.
  - D. Embrace a vision.
16. When you are thinking creatively, what is the best way to have a good idea?
  - A. Criticize bad ideas
  - B. Have a lot of ideas
  - C. Study
  - D. Laugh at the wild ideas
17. How often should you celebrate after an event?
  - A. You only need to celebrate after major events.
  - B. You should celebrate as often as possible.
  - C. You should celebrate once a month.
  - D. You should celebrate two times a year.
18. What is true about evangelism and leadership?
  - A. What you say about evangelism is far more important than anything else you do.
  - B. Evangelism is not affected by what leaders do or don't do.
  - C. The less you evangelize the more those who you are leading will evangelize.
  - D. If you are personally involved in evangelism, others will follow your example.
19. What is In Reach evangelism?
  - A. Helping people to come to the church building to hear the Gospel.
  - B. Reaching into people's lives and serving them.
  - C. Reaching those already coming to church with the Gospel.
  - D. Those in the church reaching out to those around the church.
20. What is NOT one of the 10 Keys to Effectiveness?
  - A. Preach for a response that is not manipulative.
  - B. Build a connection to the hearers.
  - C. Create an atmosphere of God's love and presence.
  - D. Do not expect many people to respond.