

FINAL EXAM

LEADERSHIP TOOLBOX

Sessions 5 - 7

TRUE OR FALSE: Circle "True" or "False" at the end of each question.

1. It is possible to make progress in the Christian life without opposition.
TRUE or FALSE
2. The main reason people come to the church and then stay are relationships.
TRUE or FALSE
3. With regard to creativity, the first question to ask is "is there a better way of doing this"?
TRUE or FALSE
4. If you are afraid to fail it is better to not even try.
TRUE or FALSE
5. When confronting a problem, defining it is half of the solution.
TRUE or FALSE

MULTIPLE CHOICE: Circle the correct answer for each question.

6. Who were some of the people that the teacher mentioned as being objects of opposition?
 - A. Joseph and Mary
 - B. Great presidents of the U.S.A.
 - C. Adam and Eve
 - D. Nehemiah, Moses and Paul
7. What does Jesus challenge us to do in John 16:23-24?
 - A. To give abundantly
 - B. To be people of prayer
 - C. To witness
 - D. To create many different programs
8. According to Ephesians 4:11-13, what is one of the main responsibilities of the five-fold ministry regarding the Body of Christ?
 - A. Providing for the financial success of the church
 - B. Forming large over-lapping organizations
 - C. Equipping the saints for the work of the ministry
 - D. Training their successors
9. What will limit creativity in the church?
 - A. Having too many people involved
 - B. If leaders are not open to new ideas
 - C. If young people are involved
 - D. If the church is growing
10. What is one of the things that successful people have in common?
 - A. They are innovative.
 - B. They are always highly educated.
 - C. They come from business backgrounds.
 - D. They are from rich families.
11. Why do we want to be more creative?
 - A. To impress others
 - B. To have more fun
 - C. To entertain the church
 - D. To be more effective
12. What is the correct order in "idea-gathering" to find new solutions?
 - A. First, put the solution into practice, then gather the ideas, and finally define the problem.
 - B. First, gather ideas, then define the problem, and finally, put the solution into practice.
 - C. First, define the problem, then gather the ideas, and finally, put the solution into practice.
 - D. There is no correct order in "idea-gathering" and finding new solutions.

13. In the "six-hat thinking" process, which is the second step of "hat"?
 - A. Sharing the benefits of the proposed solution or idea.
 - B. Talking about cautions or concerns related to the proposed solution or idea.
 - C. Bringing up additional information
 - D. Bringing up special considerations
14. When seeking solutions, what happens if you start with people's emotional reaction?
 - A. You will quickly find the best solution
 - B. People will be happier.
 - C. The process fails.
 - D. You will find the solution just as quickly as if you begin somewhere else.
15. Which is NOT part of putting the solution into practice?
 - A. Evaluate the idea to make sure it is biblical.
 - B. The idea should be affordable.
 - C. The idea should be difficult to carry out so people will be challenged.
 - D. Evaluate the idea on a scale of one to ten.